Name: _____

Pronoun-Antecedent Agreement: Practice A

Circle the pronoun that agrees with its antecedent.

Learn: A pronoun must agree with its antecedent (the noun it replaces) in number. Each, every and everyone are singular.

Example: Both of the boys forgot (his / their) coats.

1. Every player needs (his or her / their) helmet.

2. The team celebrated (its / their) win.

3. The dogs wagged (its / their) tails.

4. The students turned in (their / his) reports.

5. One of the birds hurt (its / their) wing.

6. The class finished (its / their) project early.

7. Neither of the girls lost (her / their) place.

8. Each student brought (their / his or her) lunch.

9. Each of the cars had (its / their) lights on.

Name: **ANSWER KEY**

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